105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## S. 442

## AN ACT

To establish a national policy against State and local government interference with interstate commerce on the Internet or interactive computer services, and to exercise congressional jurisdiction over interstate commerce by establishing a moratorium on the imposition of exactions that would interfere with the free flow of commerce via the Internet, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Internet Tax Freedom
- 5 Act".

## TITLE I—MORATORIUM ON CERTAIN TAXES

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3	SEC	101	MORATORII	IM

- 4 (a) Moratorium.—No State or political subdivision
- 5 thereof shall impose any of the following taxes during the
- 6 period beginning on October 1, 1998, and ending 3 years
- 7 after the date of the enactment of this Act—
- 8 (1) taxes on Internet access, unless such tax
- 9 was generally imposed and actually enforced prior to
- 10 October 1, 1998; and
- 11 (2) multiple or discriminatory taxes on elec-
- tronic commerce.
- 13 (b) Preservation of State and Local Taxing
- 14 AUTHORITY.—Except as provided in this section, nothing
- 15 in this Act shall be construed to modify, impair, or super-
- 16 sede, or authorize the modification, impairment, or super-
- 17 seding of, any State or local law pertaining to taxation
- 18 that is otherwise permissible by or under the Constitution
- 19 of the United States or other Federal law and in effect
- 20 on the date of enactment of this Act.
- 21 (c) Liabilities and Pending Cases.—Nothing in
- 22 this Act affects liability for taxes accrued and enforced
- 23 before the date of enactment of this Act, nor does this
- 24 Act affect ongoing litigation relating to such taxes.

1	(d) Definition of Generally Imposed and Ac-
2	TUALLY ENFORCED.—For purposes of this section, a tax
3	has been generally imposed and actually enforced prior to
4	October 1, 1998, if, before that date, the tax was author-
5	ized by statute and either—
6	(1) a provider of Internet access services had a
7	reasonable opportunity to know by virtue of a rule
8	or other public proclamation made by the appro-
9	priate administrative agency of the State or political
10	subdivision thereof, that such agency has interpreted
11	and applied such tax to Internet access services; or
12	(2) a State or political subdivision thereof gen-
13	erally collected such tax on charges for Internet ac-
14	cess.
15	(e) Exception to Moratorium.—
16	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) shall also not
17	apply in the case of any person or entity who in
18	interstate or foreign commerce is knowingly engaged
19	in the business of selling or transferring, by means
20	of the World Wide Web, material that is harmful to
21	minors unless such person or entity requires the use
22	of a verified credit card, debit account, adult access
23	code, or adult personal identification number, or
24	such other procedures as the Federal Communica-

tions Commission may prescribe, in order to restrict

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1	access to such material by persons under 17 years
2	of age.
3	(2) Scope of exception.—For purposes of
4	paragraph (1), a person shall not be considered to
5	engaged in the business of selling or transferring
6	material by means of the World Wide Web to the ex-
7	tent that the person is—
8	(A) a telecommunications carrier engaged
9	in the provision of a telecommunications serv-
10	ice;
11	(B) a person engaged in the business of
12	providing an Internet access service;
13	(C) a person engaged in the business of
14	providing an Internet information location tool;
15	or
16	(D) similarly engaged in the transmission,
17	storage, retrieval, hosting, formatting, or trans-
18	lation (or any combination thereof) of a com-
19	munication made by another person, without se-
20	lection or alteration of the communication.
21	(3) Definitions.—In this subsection:
22	(A) By means of the world wide
23	WEB.—The term "by means of the World Wide
24	Web" means by placement of material in a
25	computer server-based file archive so that it is

1	publicly accessible, over the Internet, using
2	hypertext transfer protocol, file transfer proto-
3	col, or other similar protocols.
4	(B) Engaged in the business.—The
5	term "engaged in the business" means that the
6	person who sells or transfers or offers to sell or
7	transfer, by means of the World Wide Web, ma-
8	terial that is harmful to minors devotes time,
9	attention, or labor to such activities, as a regu-
10	lar course of trade or business, with the objec-
11	tive of earning a profit, although it is not nec-
12	essary that the person make a profit or that the
13	selling or transferring or offering to sell or
14	transfer such material be the person's sole or
15	principal business or source of income.
16	(C) Internet.—The term "Internet"
17	means collectively the myriad of computer and
18	telecommunications facilities, including equip-
19	ment and operating software, which comprise
20	the interconnected world-wide network of net-
21	works that employ the Transmission Control
22	Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor
23	or successor protocols to such protocol, to com-
24	municate information of all kinds by wire or

radio.

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1	(D) Internet access service.—The
2	term "Internet access service" means a service
3	that enables users to access content, informa-
4	tion, electronic mail, or other services offered
5	over the Internet and may also include access
6	to proprietary content, information, and other
7	services as part of a package of services offered
8	to consumers. Such term does not include tele-
9	communications services.
10	(E) Internet information location
11	TOOL.—The term "Internet information loca-
12	tion tool" means a service that refers or links
13	users to an online location on the World Wide
14	Web. Such term includes directories, indices,
15	references, pointers, and hypertext links.
16	(F) Material that is harmful to mi-
17	NORS.—The term "material that is harmful to
18	minors" means any communication, picture,
19	image, graphic image file, article, recording,
20	writing, or other matter of any kind that—
21	(i) taken as a whole and with respect
22	to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in
23	nudity, sex, or excretion;
24	(ii) depicts, describes, or represents,
25	in a patently offensive way with respect to

1	what is suitable for minors, an actual or
2	simulated sexual act or sexual contact, ac-
3	tual or simulated normal or perverted sex-
4	ual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the geni-
5	tals; and
6	(iii) taken as a whole, lacks serious
7	literary, artistic, political, or scientific
8	value for minors.
9	(G) SEXUAL ACT; SEXUAL CONTACT.—The
10	terms "sexual act" and "sexual contact" have
11	the meanings given such terms in section 2246
12	of title 18, United States Code.
13	(H) Telecommunications carrier;
14	TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE.—The terms
15	"telecommunications carrier" and "tele-
16	communications service" have the meanings
17	given such terms in section 3 of the Commu-
18	nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).
19	(f) Additional Exception to Moratorium.—
20	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) shall also not
21	apply with respect to an Internet access provider,
22	unless, at the time of entering into an agreement
23	with a customer for the provision of Internet access
24	services, such provider offers such customer (either
25	for a fee or at no charge) screening software that is

1	designed to permit the customer to limit access to
2	material on the Internet that is harmful to minors
3	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
4	(A) Internet access provider.—The
5	term 'Internet access provider' means a person
6	engaged in the business of providing a com-
7	puter and communications facility through
8	which a customer may obtain access to the
9	Internet, but does not include a common carrier
10	to the extent that it provides only telecommuni-
11	cations services.
12	(B) Internet access services.—The
13	term 'Internet access services' means the provi-
14	sion of computer and communications services
15	through which a customer using a computer
16	and a modem or other communications device
17	may obtain access to the Internet, but does not
18	include telecommunications services provided by
19	a common carrier.
20	(C) Screening software.—The term
21	"screening software" means software that is de-
22	signed to permit a person to limit access to ma-
23	terial on the Internet that is harmful to minors.
24	(3) Applicability.—Paragraph (1) shall apply
25	to agreements for the provision of Internet access

1	services entered into on or after the date that is 6
2	months after the date of enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 102. ADVISORY COMMISSION ON ELECTRONIC COM-
4	MERCE.
5	(a) Establishment of Commission.—There is es-
6	tablished a commission to be known as the Advisory Com-
7	mission on Electronic Commerce (in this title referred to
8	as the "Commission"). The Commission shall—
9	(1) be composed of 19 members appointed in
10	accordance with subsection (b), including the chair-
11	person who shall be selected by the members of the
12	Commission from among themselves; and
13	(2) conduct its business in accordance with the
14	provisions of this title.
15	(b) Membership.—
16	(1) In general.—The Commissioners shall
17	serve for the life of the Commission. The member-
18	ship of the Commission shall be as follows:
19	(A) 3 representatives from the Federal
20	Government, comprised of the Secretary of
21	Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury, and
22	the United States Trade Representative (or
23	their respective delegates).
24	(B) 8 representatives from State and local
25	governments (one such representative shall be

1	from a State or local government that does not
2	impose a sales tax and one representative shall
3	be from a State that does not impose an income
4	tax).
5	(C) 8 representatives of the electronic com-
6	merce industry (including small business), tele-
7	communications carriers, local retail businesses,
8	and consumer groups, comprised of—
9	(i) 5 individuals appointed by the Ma-
10	jority Leader of the Senate;
11	(ii) 3 individuals appointed by the Mi-
12	nority Leader of the Senate;
13	(iii) 5 individuals appointed by the
14	Speaker of the House of Representatives;
15	and
16	(iv) 3 individuals appointed by the Mi-
17	nority Leader of the House of Representa-
18	tives.
19	(2) Appointments to the
20	Commission shall be made not later than 45 days
21	after the date of the enactment of this Act. The
22	chairperson shall be selected not later than 60 days
23	after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	(3) Vacancies.—Any vacancy in the Commis-
2	sion shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in
3	the same manner as the original appointment.
4	(c) ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND GRANTS.—The Com-
5	mission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or grants
6	of services or property, both real and personal, for pur-
7	poses of aiding or facilitating the work of the Commission.
8	Gifts or grants not used at the expiration of the Commis-
9	sion shall be returned to the donor or grantor.
10	(d) Other Resources.—The Commission shall
11	have reasonable access to materials, resources, data, and
12	other information from the Department of Justice, the
13	Department of Commerce, the Department of State, the
14	Department of the Treasury, and the Office of the United
15	States Trade Representative. The Commission shall also
16	have reasonable access to use the facilities of any such
17	Department or Office for purposes of conducting meet-
18	ings.
19	(e) Sunset.—The Commission shall terminate 18
20	months after the date of the enactment of this Act.
21	(f) Rules of the Commission.—
22	(1) Quorum.—Nine members of the Commis-
23	sion shall constitute a quorum for conducting the
24	business of the Commission.

1	(2) Meetings.—Any meetings held by the
2	Commission shall be duly noticed at least 14 days in
3	advance and shall be open to the public.
4	(3) Opportunities to testify.—The Com-
5	mission shall provide opportunities for representa-
6	tives of the general public, taxpayer groups, con-
7	sumer groups, and State and local government offi-
8	cials to testify.
9	(4) Additional Rules.—The Commission may
10	adopt other rules as needed.
11	(g) Duties of the Commission.—
12	(1) In general.—The Commission shall con-
13	duct a thorough study of Federal, State and local,
14	and international taxation and tariff treatment of
15	transactions using the Internet and Internet access
16	and other comparable intrastate, interstate or inter-
17	national sales activities.
18	(2) Issues to be studied.—The Commission
19	may include in the study under subsection (a)—
20	(A) an examination of—
21	(i) barriers imposed in foreign mar-
22	kets on United States providers of prop-
23	erty, goods, services, or information en-
24	gaged in electronic commerce and on

1	United States providers of telecommuni-
2	cations services; and
3	(ii) how the imposition of such bar-
4	riers will affect United States consumers,
5	the competitiveness of United States citi-
6	zens providing property, goods, services, or
7	information in foreign markets, and the
8	growth and maturing of the Internet;
9	(B) an examination of the collection and
10	administration of consumption taxes on elec-
11	tronic commerce in other countries and the
12	United States, and the impact of such collection
13	on the global economy, including an examina-
14	tion of the relationship between the collection
15	and administration of such taxes when the
16	transaction uses the Internet and when it does
17	not;
18	(C) an examination of the impact of the
19	Internet and Internet access (particularly voice
20	transmission) on the revenue base for taxes im-
21	posed under section 4251 of the Internal Reve-
22	nue Code of 1986;
23	(D) an examination of model State legisla-
24	tion that—

1	(i) would provide uniform definitions
2	of categories of property, goods, service, or
3	information subject to or exempt from
4	sales and use taxes; and
5	(ii) would ensure that Internet access
6	services, online services, and communica-
7	tions and transactions using the Internet,
8	Internet access service, or online services
9	would be treated in a tax and techno-
10	logically neutral manner relative to other
11	forms of remote sales;
12	(E) an examination of the effects of tax-
13	ation, including the absence of taxation, on all
14	interstate sales transactions, including trans-
15	actions using the Internet, on retail businesses
16	and on State and local governments, which ex-
17	amination may include a review of the efforts of
18	State and local governments to collect sales and
19	use taxes owed on in-State purchases from out-
20	of-State sellers; and
21	(F) the examination of ways to simplify
22	Federal and State and local taxes imposed on
23	the provision of telecommunications services.
24	(3) Effect on the communications act of
25	1934.—Nothing in this section shall include an ex-

1	amination of any fees or charges imposed by the
2	Federal Communications Commission or States re-
3	lated to—
4	(A) obligations under the Communications
5	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.); or
6	(B) the implementation of the Tele-
7	communications Act of 1996 (or of amendments
8	made by that Act).
9	(h) National Tax Association Communications
10	AND ELECTRONIC COMMERCE TAX PROJECT.—The Com-
11	mission shall, to the extent possible, ensure that its work
12	does not undermine the efforts of the National Tax Asso-
13	ciation Communications and Electronic Commerce Tax
13 14	ciation Communications and Electronic Commerce Tax Project.
14	Project.
14 15	Project. SEC. 103. REPORT.
14 15 16 17	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enact-
14 15 16 17	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to Con-
14 15 16 17 18	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to Congress for its consideration a report reflecting the results, including such legislative recommendations as required to
14 15 16 17 18	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to Congress for its consideration a report reflecting the results, including such legislative recommendations as required to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to Congress for its consideration a report reflecting the results, including such legislative recommendations as required to address the findings of the Commission's study under this
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Project.  SEC. 103. REPORT.  Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall transmit to Congress for its consideration a report reflecting the results, including such legislative recommendations as required to address the findings of the Commission's study under this title. Any recommendation agreed to by the Commission

1	two-thirds of the members of the Commission serving at
2	the time the finding or recommendation is made.
3	SEC. 104. DEFINITIONS.
4	For the purposes of this title:
5	(1) Bit tax.—The term "bit tax" means any
6	tax on electronic commerce expressly imposed on or
7	measured by the volume of digital information trans-
8	mitted electronically, or the volume of digital infor-
9	mation per unit of time transmitted electronically,
10	but does not include taxes imposed on the provision
11	of telecommunications services.
12	(2) DISCRIMINATORY TAX.—The term "dis-
13	criminatory tax" means—
14	(A) any tax imposed by a State or political
15	subdivision thereof on electronic commerce
16	that—
17	(i) is not generally imposed and le-
18	gally collectible by such State or such polit-
19	ical subdivision on transactions involving
20	similar property, goods, services, or infor-
21	mation accomplished through other means;
22	(ii) is not generally imposed and le-
23	gally collectible at the same rate by such
24	State or such political subdivision on
25	transactions involving similar property,

goods, services, or information accom-
2 plished through other means, unless the
3 rate is lower as part of a phase-out of the
4 tax over not more than a 5-year period;
5 (iii) imposes an obligation to collect or
6 pay the tax on a different person or entity
7 than in the case of transactions involving
8 similar property, goods, services, or infor-
9 mation accomplished through other means
(iv) establishes a classification of
Internet access service providers or online
service providers for purposes of establish-
ing a higher tax rate to be imposed on
such providers than the tax rate generally
applied to providers of similar information
services delivered through other means; or
(B) any tax imposed by a State or political
8 subdivision thereof, if—
(i) except with respect to a tax (or
Internet access) that was generally im-
posed and actually enforced prior to Octo-
ber 1, 1998, the sole ability to access a site
on a remote seller's out-of-State computer
server is considered a factor in determining

1	a remote seller's tax collection obligation;
2	or
3	(ii) a provider of Internet access serv-
4	ice or online services is deemed to be the
5	agent of a remote seller for determining
6	tax collection obligations solely as a result
7	of—
8	(I) the display of a remote sell-
9	er's information or content on the
10	out-of-State computer server of a pro-
11	vider of Internet access service or on-
12	line services; or
13	(II) the processing of orders
14	through the out-of-State computer
15	server of a provider of Internet access
16	service or online services.
17	(3) Electronic commerce.—The term "elec-
18	tronic commerce" means any transaction conducted
19	over the Internet or through Internet access, com-
20	prising the sale, lease, license, offer, or delivery of
21	property, goods, services, or information, whether or
22	not for consideration, and includes the provision of
23	Internet access.
24	(4) Internet.—The term "Internet" means
25	collectively the myriad of computer and tele-

communications facilities, including equipment and operating software, which comprise the interconnected world-wide network of networks that employ the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to such protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.

(5) Internet access.—The term "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail, or other services offered over the Internet, and may also include access to proprietary content, information, and other services as part of a package of services offered to users. Such term does not include telecommunications services.

## (6) Multiple Tax.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "multiple tax" means any tax that is imposed by one State or political subdivision thereof on the same or essentially the same electronic commerce that is also subject to another tax imposed by another State or political subdivision thereof (whether or not at the same rate or on the same basis), without a credit (for example,

1	a resale exemption certificate) for taxes paid in
2	other jurisdictions.
3	(B) Exception.—Such term shall not in-
4	clude a sales or use tax imposed by a State and
5	1 or more political subdivisions thereof on the
6	same electronic commerce or a tax on persons
7	engaged in electronic commerce which also may
8	have been subject to a sales or use tax thereon.
9	(C) Sales or use Tax.—For purposes of
10	subparagraph (B), the term "sales or use tax"
11	means a tax that is imposed on or incident to
12	the sale, purchase, storage, consumption, dis-
13	tribution, or other use of tangible personal
14	property or services as may be defined by laws
15	imposing such tax and which is measured by
16	the amount of the sales price or other charge
17	for such property or service.
18	(7) State.—The term "State" means any of
19	the several States, the District of Columbia, or any
20	commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
21	States.
22	(8) Tax.—
23	(A) In General.— The term "tax"
24	means—

1	(i) any charge imposed by any govern-
2	mental entity for the purpose of generating
3	revenues for governmental purposes, and is
4	not a fee imposed for a specific privilege,
5	service, or benefit conferred; or
6	(ii) the imposition on a seller of an
7	obligation to collect and to remit to a gov-
8	ernmental entity any sales or use tax im-
9	posed on a buyer by a governmental entity.
10	(B) Exception.—Such term does not in-
11	clude any franchise fee or similar fee imposed
12	by a State or local franchising authority, pursu-
13	ant to section 622 or 653 of the Communica-
14	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 542, 573), or any
15	other fee related to obligations or telecommuni-
16	cations carriers under the Communications Act
17	of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
18	(9) Telecommunications service.—The
19	term "telecommunications service" has the meaning
20	given such term in section 3(46) of the Communica-
21	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(46)) and includes
22	communications services (as defined in section 4251
23	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986).
24	(10) Tax on internet access.—The term
25	"tay on Internet access" means a tay on Internet

1	access, including the enforcement or application of
2	any new or preexisting tax on the sale or use of
3	Internet services unless such tax was generally im-
4	posed and actually enforced prior to October 1,
5	1998.
6	TITLE II—OTHER PROVISIONS
7	SEC. 201. DECLARATION THAT INTERNET SHOULD BE FREE
8	OF NEW FEDERAL TAXES.
9	It is the sense of Congress that no new Federal taxes
10	similar to the taxes described in section 101(a) should be
11	enacted with respect to the Internet and Internet access
12	during the moratorium provided in such section.
13	SEC. 202. NATIONAL TRADE ESTIMATE.
14	Section 181 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
15	2241) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
17	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
18	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
19	clause (i);
20	(ii) by inserting "and" at the end of
21	clause (ii); and
22	(iii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
23	following new clause:
24	"(iii) United States electronic com-
25	merce,"; and

1	(B) in subparagraph (C)—
2	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
3	clause (i);
4	(ii) by inserting "and" at the end of
5	clause (ii);
6	(iii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
7	following new clause:
8	"(iii) the value of additional United
9	States electronic commerce,"; and
10	(iv) by inserting "or transacted with,"
11	after "or invested in";
12	(2) in subsection $(a)(2)(E)$ —
13	(A) by striking "and" at the end of clause
14	(i);
15	(B) by inserting "and" at the end of clause
16	(ii); and
17	(C) by inserting after clause (ii) the follow-
18	ing new clause:
19	"(iii) the value of electronic commerce
20	transacted with,"; and
21	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
22	section:
23	"(d) Electronic Commerce.—For purposes of this
24	section, the term 'electronic commerce' has the meaning

1	given that term in section 104(3) of the Internet Tax
2	Freedom Act.".
3	SEC. 203. DECLARATION THAT THE INTERNET SHOULD BE
4	FREE OF FOREIGN TARIFFS, TRADE BAR-
5	RIERS, AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS.
6	(a) In General.— It is the sense of Congress that
7	the President should seek bilateral, regional, and multilat-
8	eral agreements to remove barriers to global electronic
9	commerce through the World Trade Organization, the Or-
10	ganization for Economic Cooperation and Development,
11	the Trans-Atlantic Economic Partnership, the Asia Pacific
12	Economic Cooperation forum, the Free Trade Area of the
13	America, the North American Free Trade Agreement, and
14	other appropriate venues.
15	(b) Negotiating Objectives.—The negotiating ob-
16	jectives of the United States shall be—
17	(1) to assure that electronic commerce is free
18	from—
19	(A) tariff and nontariff barriers;
20	(B) burdensome and discriminatory regula-
21	tion and standards; and
22	(C) discriminatory taxation; and
23	(2) to accelerate the growth of electronic com-
24	merce by expanding market access opportunities
25	$ ext{for}$ —

1	(A) the development of telecommunications
2	infrastructure;
3	(B) the procurement of telecommunications
4	equipment;
5	(C) the provision of Internet access and
6	telecommunications services; and
7	(D) the exchange of goods, services, and
8	digitalized information.
9	(c) Electronic Commerce.—For purposes of this
10	section, the term "electronic commerce" has the meaning
11	given that term in section 104(3).
12	SEC. 204. NO EXPANSION OF TAX AUTHORITY.
13	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to expand the
14	duty of any person to collect or pay taxes beyond that
15	which existed immediately before the date of the enact-
16	ment of this Act.
17	SEC. 205. PRESERVATION OF AUTHORITY.
18	Nothing in this Act shall limit or otherwise affect the
19	implementation of the Telecommunications Act of 1996
20	(Public Law 104–104) or the amendments made by such
21	Act.
22	SEC. 206. SEVERABILITY.
23	If any provision of this Act, or any amendment made
24	by this Act, or the application of that provision to any
25	person or circumstance, is held by a court of competent

1	jurisdiction to violate any provision of the Constitution of
2	the United States, then the other provisions of that sec-
3	tion, and the application of that provision to other persons
4	and circumstances, shall not be affected.
5	TITLE III—GOVERNMENT
6	PAPERWORK ELIMINATION ACT
7	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
8	This title may be cited as the "Government Paper-
9	work Elimination Act".
10	SEC. 302. AUTHORITY OF OMB TO PROVIDE FOR ACQUISI-
11	TION AND USE OF ALTERNATIVE INFORMA-
12	TION TECHNOLOGIES BY EXECUTIVE AGEN-
13	CIES.
14	Section 3504(a)(1)(B)(vi) of title 44, United States
15	Code, is amended to read as follows:
16	"(vi) the acquisition and use of infor-
17	mation technology, including alternative in-
18	formation technologies that provide for
19	electronic submission, maintenance, or dis-
20	closure of information as a substitute for
21	paper and for the use and acceptance of
22	electronic signatures.".

1	SEC. 303. PROCEDURES FOR USE AND ACCEPTANCE OF
2	ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES BY EXECUTIVE
3	AGENCIES.
4	(a) In General.—In order to fulfill the responsibil-
5	ity to administer the functions assigned under chapter 35
6	of title 44, United States Code, the provisions of the
7	Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and E of Public
8	Law 104–106) and the amendments made by that Act,
9	and the provisions of this title, the Director of the Office
10	of Management and Budget shall, in consultation with the
11	National Telecommunications and Information Adminis-
12	tration and not later than 18 months after the date of
13	enactment of this Act, develop procedures for the use and
14	acceptance of electronic signatures by Executive agencies.
15	(b) Requirements for Procedures.—(1) The
16	procedures developed under subsection (a)—
17	(A) shall be compatible with standards and
18	technology for electronic signatures that are gen-
19	erally used in commerce and industry and by State
20	governments;
21	(B) may not inappropriately favor one industry
22	or technology;
23	(C) shall ensure that electronic signatures are
24	as reliable as is appropriate for the purpose in ques-
25	tion and keep intact the information submitted;

1	(D) shall provide for the electronic acknowledg-
2	ment of electronic forms that are successfully sub-
3	mitted; and
4	(E) shall, to the extent feasible and appro-
5	priate, require an Executive agency that anticipates
6	receipt by electronic means of 50,000 or more sub-
7	mittals of a particular form to take all steps nec-
8	essary to ensure that multiple methods of electronic
9	signatures are available for the submittal of such
10	form.
11	(2) The Director shall ensure the compatibility of the
12	procedures under paragraph (1)(A) in consultation with
13	appropriate private bodies and State government entities
14	that set standards for the use and acceptance of electronic
15	signatures.
16	SEC. 304. DEADLINE FOR IMPLEMENTATION BY EXECUTIVE
17	AGENCIES OF PROCEDURES FOR USE AND
18	ACCEPTANCE OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES.
19	In order to fulfill the responsibility to administer the
20	functions assigned under chapter 35 of title 44, United
21	States Code, the provisions of the Clinger-Cohen Act of
22	1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104–106) and the
23	amendments made by that Act, and the provisions of this
24	title, the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-

1	after the date of enactment of this Act, Executive agencies
2	provide—
3	(1) for the option of the electronic maintenance,
4	submission, or disclosure of information, when prac-
5	ticable as a substitute for paper; and
6	(2) for the use and acceptance of electronic sig-
7	natures, when practicable.
8	SEC. 305. ELECTRONIC STORAGE AND FILING OF EMPLOY-
9	MENT FORMS.
10	In order to fulfill the responsibility to administer the
11	functions assigned under chapter 35 of title 44, United
12	States Code, the provisions of the Clinger-Cohen Act of
13	1996 (divisions D and E of Public Law 104–106) and the
14	amendments made by that Act, and the provisions of this
15	title, the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-
16	et shall, not later than 18 months after the date of enact-
17	ment of this Act, develop procedures to permit private em-
18	ployers to store and file electronically with Executive agen-
19	cies forms containing information pertaining to the em-
20	ployees of such employers.
21	SEC. 306. STUDY ON USE OF ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES.
22	(a) Ongoing Study Required.—In order to fulfill
23	the responsibility to administer the functions assigned
24	under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, the pro-
25	visions of the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (divisions D and

- 1 E of Public Law 104–106) and the amendments made by
- 2 that Act, and the provisions of this title, the Director of
- 3 the Office of Management and Budget shall, in coopera-
- 4 tion with the National Telecommunications and Informa-
- 5 tion Administration, conduct an ongoing study of the use
- 6 of electronic signatures under this title on—
- 7 (1) paperwork reduction and electronic com-
- 8 merce;
- 9 (2) individual privacy; and
- 10 (3) the security and authenticity of trans-
- 11 actions.
- 12 (b) Reports.—The Director shall submit to Con-
- 13 gress on a periodic basis a report describing the results
- 14 of the study carried out under subsection (a).
- 15 SEC. 307. ENFORCEABILITY AND LEGAL EFFECT OF ELEC-
- 16 TRONIC RECORDS.
- 17 Electronic records submitted or maintained in ac-
- 18 cordance with procedures developed under this title, or
- 19 electronic signatures or other forms of electronic authen-
- 20 tication used in accordance with such procedures, shall not
- 21 be denied legal effect, validity, or enforceability because
- 22 such records are in electronic form.
- 23 SEC. 308. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.
- Except as provided by law, information collected in
- 25 the provision of electronic signature services for commu-

1	nications with an executive agency, as provided by this
2	title, shall only be used or disclosed by persons who obtain,
3	collect, or maintain such information as a business or gov-
4	ernment practice, for the purpose of facilitating such com-
5	munications, or with the prior affirmative consent of the
6	person about whom the information pertains.
7	SEC. 309. APPLICATION WITH INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS.
8	No provision of this title shall apply to the Depart-
9	ment of the Treasury or the Internal Revenue Service to
10	the extent that such provision—
11	(1) involves the administration of the internal
12	revenue laws; or
13	(2) conflicts with any provision of the Internal
14	Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of
15	1998 or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
16	SEC. 310. DEFINITIONS.
17	For purposes of this title:
18	(1) Electronic signature.—The term "elec-
19	tronic signature" means a method of signing an
20	electronic message that—
21	(A) identifies and authenticates a particu-
22	lar person as the source of the electronic mes-
23	sage; and
24	(B) indicates such person's approval of the
25	information contained in the electronic message

1	(2) Executive agency.—The term "Executive
2	agency" has the meaning given that term in section
3	105 of title 5, United States Code.
4	TITLE IV—CHILDREN'S ONLINE
5	PRIVACY PROTECTION
6	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
7	This title may be cited as the "Children's Online Pri-
8	vacy Protection Act of 1998".
9	SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this title:
11	(1) Child.—The term "child" means an indi-
12	vidual under the age of 13.
13	(2) OPERATOR.—The term "operator"—
14	(A) means any person who operates a
15	website located on the Internet or an online
16	service and who collects or maintains personal
17	information from or about the users of or visi-
18	tors to such website or online service, or on
19	whose behalf such information is collected or
20	maintained, where such website or online serv-
21	ice is operated for commercial purposes, includ-
22	ing any person offering products or services for
23	sale through that website or online service, in-
24	volving commerce—

1	(i) among the several States or with 1
2	or more foreign nations;
3	(ii) in any territory of the United
4	States or in the District of Columbia, or
5	between any such territory and—
6	(I) another such territory; or
7	(II) any State or foreign nation;
8	or
9	(iii) between the District of Columbia
10	and any State, territory, or foreign nation;
11	but
12	(B) does not include any nonprofit entity
13	that would otherwise be exempt from coverage
14	under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commis-
15	sion Act (15 U.S.C. 45).
16	(3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
17	means the Federal Trade Commission.
18	(4) DISCLOSURE.—The term "disclosure"
19	means, with respect to personal information—
20	(A) the release of personal information col-
21	lected from a child in identifiable form by an
22	operator for any purpose, except where such in-
23	formation is provided to a person other than
24	the operator who provides support for the inter-
25	nal operations of the website and does not dis-

1	close or use that information for any other pur-
2	pose; and
3	(B) making personal information collected
4	from a child by a website or online service di-
5	rected to children or with actual knowledge that
6	such information was collected from a child,
7	publicly available in identifiable form, by any
8	means including by a public posting, through
9	the Internet, or through—
10	(i) a home page of a website;
11	(ii) a pen pal service;
12	(iii) an electronic mail service;
13	(iv) a message board; or
14	(v) a chat room.
15	(5) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
16	agency" means an agency, as that term is defined
17	in section 551(1) of title 5, United States Code.
18	(6) Internet.—The term "Internet" means
19	collectively the myriad of computer and tele-
20	communications facilities, including equipment and
21	operating software, which comprise the inter-
22	connected world-wide network of networks that em-
23	ploy the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet
24	Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols

1	to such protocol, to communicate information of all
2	kinds by wire or radio.
3	(7) Parent.—The term "parent" includes a
4	legal guardian.
5	(8) Personal information.—The term "per-
6	sonal information" means individually identifiable
7	information about an individual collected online, in-
8	cluding—
9	(A) a first and last name;
10	(B) a home or other physical address in-
11	cluding street name and name of a city or town;
12	(C) an e-mail address;
13	(D) a telephone number;
14	(E) a Social Security number;
15	(F) any other identifier that the Commis-
16	sion determines permits the physical or online
17	contacting of a specific individual; or
18	(G) information concerning the child or the
19	parents of that child that the website collects
20	online from the child and combines with an
21	identifier described in this paragraph.
22	(9) Verifiable parental consent.—The
23	term "verifiable parental consent" means any rea-
24	sonable effort (taking into consideration available
25	technology), including a request for authorization for

1	future collection, use, and disclosure described in the
2	notice, to ensure that a parent of a child receives no-
3	tice of the operator's personal information collection,
4	use, and disclosure practices, and authorizes the col-
5	lection, use, and disclosure, as applicable, of per-
6	sonal information and the subsequent use of that in-
7	formation before that information is collected from
8	that child.
9	(10) Website or online service directed
10	TO CHILDREN.—
11	(A) In general.—The term "website or
12	online service directed to children" means—
13	(i) a commercial website or online
14	service that is targeted to children; or
15	(ii) that portion of a commercial
16	website or online service that is targeted to
17	children.
18	(B) Limitation.—A commercial website
19	or online service, or a portion of a commercial
20	website or online service, shall not be deemed
21	directed to children solely for referring or link-
22	ing to a commercial website or online service di-
23	rected to children by using information location
24	tools, including a directory, index, reference,
25	pointer, or hypertext link.

1	(11) Person.—The term "person" means any
2	individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, co-
3	operative, association, or other entity.
4	(12) Online contact information.—The
5	term "online contact information" means an e-mail
6	address or another substantially similar identifier
7	that permits direct contact with a person online.
8	SEC. 403. REGULATION OF UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS
9	AND PRACTICES IN CONNECTION WITH THE
10	COLLECTION AND USE OF PERSONAL INFOR-
11	MATION FROM AND ABOUT CHILDREN ON
12	THE INTERNET.
13	(a) Acts Prohibited.—
14	(1) In general.—It is unlawful for an opera-
15	tor of a website or online service directed to chil-
16	dren, or any operator that has actual knowledge that
17	it is collecting personal information from a child, to
18	collect personal information from a child in a man-
19	ner that violates the regulations prescribed under
20	subsection (b).
21	(2) Disclosure to parent protected.—
22	Notwithstanding paragraph (1), neither an operator
23	of such a website or online service nor the operator's
24	agent shall be held to be liable under any Federal
25	or State law for any disclosure made in good faith

1	and following reasonable procedures in responding to
2	a request for disclosure of personal information
3	under subsection (b)(1)(B)(iii) to the parent of a
4	child.
5	(b) REGULATIONS.—
6	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commis-
8	sion shall promulgate under section 553 of title 5,
9	United States Code, regulations that—
10	(A) require the operator of any website or
11	online service directed to children that collects
12	personal information from children or the oper-
13	ator of a website or online service that has ac-
14	tual knowledge that it is collecting personal in-
15	formation from a child—
16	(i) to provide notice on the website of
17	what information is collected from children
18	by the operator, how the operator uses
19	such information, and the operator's dis-
20	closure practices for such information; and
21	(ii) to obtain verifiable parental con-
22	sent for the collection, use, or disclosure of
23	personal information from children;
24	(B) require the operator to provide, upon
25	request of a parent under this subparagraph

1	whose child has provided personal information
2	to that website or online service, upon proper
3	identification of that parent, to such parent—
4	(i) a description of the specific types
5	of personal information collected from the
6	child by that operator;
7	(ii) the opportunity at any time to
8	refuse to permit the operator's further use
9	or maintenance in retrievable form, or fu-
10	ture online collection, of personal informa-
11	tion from that child; and
12	(iii) notwithstanding any other provi-
13	sion of law, a means that is reasonable
14	under the circumstances for the parent to
15	obtain any personal information collected
16	from that child;
17	(C) prohibit conditioning a child's partici-
18	pation in a game, the offering of a prize, or an-
19	other activity on the child disclosing more per-
20	sonal information than is reasonably necessary
21	to participate in such activity; and
22	(D) require the operator of such a website
23	or online service to establish and maintain rea-
24	sonable procedures to protect the confidential-

1	ity, security, and integrity of personal informa-
2	tion collected from children.
3	(2) When consent not required.—The reg-
4	ulations shall provide that verifiable parental consent
5	under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) is not required in the
6	case of—
7	(A) online contact information collected
8	from a child that is used only to respond di-
9	rectly on a one-time basis to a specific request
10	from the child and is not used to recontact the
11	child and is not maintained in retrievable form
12	by the operator;
13	(B) a request for the name or online con-
14	tact information of a parent or child that is
15	used for the sole purpose of obtaining parental
16	consent or providing notice under this section
17	and where such information is not maintained
18	in retrievable form by the operator if parental
19	consent is not obtained after a reasonable time;
20	(C) online contact information collected
21	from a child that is used only to respond more
22	than once directly to a specific request from the
23	child and is not used to recontact the child be-
24	yond the scope of that request—

1	(i) if, before any additional response
2	after the initial response to the child, the
3	operator uses reasonable efforts to provide
4	a parent notice of the online contact infor-
5	mation collected from the child, the pur-
6	poses for which it is to be used, and an op-
7	portunity for the parent to request that the
8	operator make no further use of the infor-
9	mation and that it not be maintained in re-
10	trievable form; or
11	(ii) without notice to the parent in
12	such circumstances as the Commission
13	may determine are appropriate, taking into
14	consideration the benefits to the child of
15	access to information and services, and
16	risks to the security and privacy of the
17	child, in regulations promulgated under
18	this subsection;
19	(D) the name of the child and online con-
20	tact information (to the extent reasonably nec-
21	essary to protect the safety of a child partici-
22	pant on the site)—
23	(i) used only for the purpose of pro-
24	tecting such safety;

1	(ii) not used to recontact the child or
2	for any other purpose; and
3	(iii) not disclosed on the site,
4	if the operator uses reasonable efforts to pro-
5	vide a parent notice of the name and online
6	contact information collected from the child, the
7	purposes for which it is to be used, and an op-
8	portunity for the parent to request that the op-
9	erator make no further use of the information
10	and that it not be maintained in retrievable
11	form; or
12	(E) the collection, use, or dissemination of
13	such information by the operator of such a
14	website or online service necessary—
15	(i) to protect the security or integrity
16	of its website;
17	(ii) to take precautions against liabil-
18	ity;
19	(iii) to respond to judicial process; or
20	(iv) to the extent permitted under
21	other provisions of law, to provide informa-
22	tion to law enforcement agencies or for an
23	investigation on a matter related to public
24	safety.

1	(3) TERMINATION OF SERVICE.—The regula-
2	tions shall permit the operator of a website or an on-
3	line service to terminate service provided to a child
4	whose parent has refused, under the regulations pre-
5	scribed under paragraph (1)(B)(ii), to permit the op-
6	erator's further use or maintenance in retrievable
7	form, or future online collection, of personal infor-
8	mation from that child.
9	(c) Enforcement.—Subject to sections 404 and
10	406, a violation of a regulation prescribed under sub-
11	section (a) shall be treated as a violation of a rule defining
12	an unfair or deceptive act or practice prescribed under sec-
13	tion 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act
14	(15  U.S.C.  57a(a)(1)(B)).
15	(d) Inconsistent State Law.—No State or local
16	government may impose any liability for commercial ac-
17	tivities or actions by operators in interstate or foreign
18	commerce in connection with an activity or action de-
19	scribed in this title that is inconsistent with the treatment
20	of those activities or actions under this section.
21	SEC. 404. SAFE HARBORS.
22	(a) Guidelines.—An operator may satisfy the re-
23	quirements of regulations issued under section 403(b) by

24 following a set of self-regulatory guidelines, issued by rep-

- 1 resentatives of the marketing or online industries, or by2 other persons, approved under subsection (b).
- 3 (b) Incentives.—
  - (1) Self-regulatory incentives.—In prescribing regulations under section 403, the Commission shall provide incentives for self-regulation by operators to implement the protections afforded children under the regulatory requirements described in subsection (b) of that section.
    - shall include provisions for ensuring that a person will be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements of the regulations under section 403 if that person complies with guidelines that, after notice and comment, are approved by the Commission upon making a determination that the guidelines meet the requirements of the regulations issued under section 403.
  - (3) Expedited response to requests.—The Commission shall act upon requests for safe harbor treatment within 180 days of the filing of the request, and shall set forth in writing its conclusions with regard to such requests.
- 24 (c) APPEALS.—Final action by the Commission on a 25 request for approval of guidelines, or the failure to act

1	within 180 days on a request for approval of guidelines
2	submitted under subsection (b) may be appealed to a dis-
3	trict court of the United States of appropriate jurisdiction
4	as provided for in section 706 of title 5, United States
5	Code.
6	SEC. 405. ACTIONS BY STATES.
7	(a) In General.—
8	(1) CIVIL ACTIONS.—In any case in which the
9	attorney general of a State has reason to believe
10	that an interest of the residents of that State has
11	been or is threatened or adversely affected by the
12	engagement of any person in a practice that violates
13	any regulation of the Commission prescribed under
14	section 403(b), the State, as parens patriae, may
15	bring a civil action on behalf of the residents of the
16	State in a district court of the United States of ap-
17	propriate jurisdiction to—
18	(A) enjoin that practice;
19	(B) enforce compliance with the regulation
20	(C) obtain damage, restitution, or other
21	compensation on behalf of residents of the
22	State; or
23	(D) obtain such other relief as the court
24	may consider to be appropriate.
25	(2) Notice.—

1	(A) In general.—Before filing an action
2	under paragraph (1), the attorney general of
3	the State involved shall provide to the Commis-
4	sion—
5	(i) written notice of that action; and
6	(ii) a copy of the complaint for that
7	action.
8	(B) Exemption.—
9	(i) In General.—Subparagraph (A)
10	shall not apply with respect to the filing of
11	an action by an attorney general of a State
12	under this subsection, if the attorney gen-
13	eral determines that it is not feasible to
14	provide the notice described in that sub-
15	paragraph before the filing of the action.
16	(ii) Notification.—In an action de-
17	scribed in clause (i), the attorney general
18	of a State shall provide notice and a copy
19	of the complaint to the Commission at the
20	same time as the attorney general files the
21	action.
22	(b) Intervention.—
23	(1) In General.—On receiving notice under
24	subsection (a)(2), the Commission shall have the

1	right to intervene in the action that is the subject
2	of the notice.
3	(2) Effect of intervention.—If the Com-
4	mission intervenes in an action under subsection (a),
5	it shall have the right—
6	(A) to be heard with respect to any matter
7	that arises in that action; and
8	(B) to file a petition for appeal.
9	(3) Amicus curiae.—Upon application to the
10	court, a person whose self-regulatory guidelines have
11	been approved by the Commission and are relied
12	upon as a defense by any defendant to a proceeding
13	under this section may file amicus curiae in that
14	proceeding.
15	(c) Construction.—For purposes of bringing any
16	civil action under subsection (a), nothing in this title shall
17	be construed to prevent an attorney general of a State
18	from exercising the powers conferred on the attorney gen-
19	eral by the laws of that State to—
20	(1) conduct investigations;
21	(2) administer oaths or affirmations; or
22	(3) compel the attendance of witnesses or the
23	production of documentary and other evidence.
24	(d) Actions by the Commission.—In any case in
25	which an action is instituted by or on behalf of the Com-

1	mission for violation of any regulation prescribed under
2	section 403, no State may, during the pendency of that
3	action, institute an action under subsection (a) against
4	any defendant named in the complaint in that action for
5	violation of that regulation.
6	(e) Venue; Service of Process.—
7	(1) Venue.—Any action brought under sub-
8	section (a) may be brought in the district court of
9	the United States that meets applicable require-
10	ments relating to venue under section 1391 of title
11	28, United States Code.
12	(2) Service of Process.—In an action
13	brought under subsection (a), process may be served
14	in any district in which the defendant—
15	(A) is an inhabitant; or
16	(B) may be found.
17	SEC. 406. ADMINISTRATION AND APPLICABILITY OF ACT.
18	(a) In General.—Except as otherwise provided, this
19	title shall be enforced by the Commission under the Fed-
20	eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
21	(b) Provisions.—Compliance with the requirements
22	imposed under this title shall be enforced under—
23	(1) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
24	Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), in the case of—

1	(A) national banks, and Federal branches
2	and Federal agencies of foreign banks, by the
3	Office of the Comptroller of the Currency;
4	(B) member banks of the Federal Reserve
5	System (other than national banks), branches
6	and agencies of foreign banks (other than Fed-
7	eral branches, Federal agencies, and insured
8	State branches of foreign banks), commercial
9	lending companies owned or controlled by for-
10	eign banks, and organizations operating under
11	section 25 or 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act
12	(12 U.S.C. 601 et seq. and 611 et. seq.), by the
13	Board; and
14	(C) banks insured by the Federal Deposit
15	Insurance Corporation (other than members of
16	the Federal Reserve System) and insured State
17	branches of foreign banks, by the Board of Di-
18	rectors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
19	poration;
20	(2) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
21	Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), by the Director of the Office
22	of Thrift Supervision, in the case of a savings asso-
23	ciation the deposits of which are insured by the Fed-
24	eral Deposit Insurance Corporation;

1	(3) the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
2	1751 et seq.) by the National Credit Union Adminis-
3	tration Board with respect to any Federal credit
4	union;
5	(4) part A of subtitle VII of title 49, United
6	States Code, by the Secretary of Transportation
7	with respect to any air carrier or foreign air carrier
8	subject to that part;
9	(5) the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7
10	U.S.C. 181 et. seq.) (except as provided in section
11	406 of that Act (7 U.S.C. 226, 227)), by the Sec-
12	retary of Agriculture with respect to any activities
13	subject to that Act; and
14	(6) the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C.
15	2001 et seq.) by the Farm Credit Administration
16	with respect to any Federal land bank, Federal land
17	bank association, Federal intermediate credit bank,
18	or production credit association.
19	(c) Exercise of Certain Powers.—For the pur-
20	pose of the exercise by any agency referred to in sub-
21	section (a) of its powers under any Act referred to in that
22	subsection, a violation of any requirement imposed under
23	this title shall be deemed to be a violation of a requirement
24	imposed under that Act. In addition to its powers under
25	any provision of law specifically referred to in subsection

- 1 (a), each of the agencies referred to in that subsection may
- 2 exercise, for the purpose of enforcing compliance with any
- 3 requirement imposed under this title, any other authority
- 4 conferred on it by law.
- 5 (d) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—The Commis-
- 6 sion shall prevent any person from violating a rule of the
- 7 Commission under section 403 in the same manner, by
- 8 the same means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers,
- 9 and duties as though all applicable terms and provisions
- 10 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et
- 11 seq.) were incorporated into and made a part of this title.
- 12 Any entity that violates such rule shall be subject to the
- 13 penalties and entitled to the privileges and immunities
- 14 provided in the Federal Trade Commission Act in the
- 15 same manner, by the same means, and with the same ju-
- 16 risdiction, power, and duties as though all applicable terms
- 17 and provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act were
- 18 incorporated into and made a part of this title.
- 19 (e) Effect on Other Laws.—Nothing contained in
- 20 the Act shall be construed to limit the authority of the
- 21 Commission under any other provisions of law.
- 22 **SEC. 407. REVIEW.**
- Not later than 5 years after the effective date of the
- 24 regulations initially issued under section 403, the Commis-
- 25 sion shall—

1	(1) review the implementation of this title, in-
2	cluding the effect of the implementation of this title
3	on practices relating to the collection and disclosure
4	of information relating to children, children's ability
5	to obtain access to information of their choice online,
6	and on the availability of websites directed to chil-
7	dren; and
8	(2) prepare and submit to Congress a report on
9	the results of the review under paragraph (1).
10	SEC. 408. EFFECTIVE DATE.
11	Sections 403(a), 405, and 406 of this title take effect
12	on the later of—
13	(1) the date that is 18 months after the date
14	of enactment of this Act; or
15	(2) the date on which the Commission rules on
16	the first application filed for safe harbor treatment
17	under section 404 if the Commission does not rule
18	on the first such application within one year after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, but in no case
20	later than the date that is 30 months after the date
21	of enactment of this Act.

# V—OREGON **INSTITUTE** TITLE 1 **OF PUBLIC SERVICE AND** 2 **CONSTITUTIONAL STUDIES** 3 SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS. 4 5 In this title: 6 (1) Endowment fund.—The term "endow-7 ment fund" means a fund established by Portland 8 State University for the purpose of generating in-9 come for the support of the Institute. (2) Institute.—The term "Institute" means 10 11 the Oregon Institute of Public Service and Constitu-12 tional Studies established under this title. 13 (3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means 14 the Secretary of Education. SEC. 502. OREGON INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC SERVICE AND 16 CONSTITUTIONAL STUDIES. 17 From the funds appropriated under section 506, the 18 Secretary is authorized to award a grant to Portland State University at Portland, Oregon, for the establishment of an endowment fund to support the Oregon Institute of 20 Public Service and Constitutional Studies at the Mark O. Hatfield School of Government at Portland State Univer-23 sity.

### 1 SEC. 503. DUTIES.

- 2 In order to receive a grant under this title the Port-
- 3 land State University shall establish the Institute. The In-
- 4 stitute shall have the following duties:
- 5 (1) To generate resources, improve teaching,
- 6 enhance curriculum development, and further the
- 7 knowledge and understanding of students of all ages
- 8 about public service, the United States Government,
- 9 and the Constitution of the United States of Amer-
- 10 ica.
- 11 (2) To increase the awareness of the impor-
- tance of public service, to foster among the youth of
- the United States greater recognition of the role of
- public service in the development of the United
- 15 States, and to promote public service as a career
- 16 choice.
- 17 (3) To establish a Mark O. Hatfield Fellows
- program for students of government, public policy,
- public health, education, or law who have dem-
- 20 onstrated a commitment to public service through
- volunteer activities, research projects, or employ-
- 22 ment.
- 23 (4) To create library and research facilities for
- the collection and compilation of research materials
- for use in carrying out programs of the Institute.

1	(5) To support the professional development of
2	elected officials at all levels of government.
3	SEC. 504. ADMINISTRATION.
4	(a) Leadership Council.—
5	(1) In general.—In order to receive a grant
6	under this title Portland State University shall en-
7	sure that the Institute operates under the direction
8	of a Leadership Council (in this title referred to as
9	the "Leadership Council") that—
10	"(A) consists of 15 individuals appointed
11	by the President of Portland State University;
12	and
13	"(B) is established in accordance with this
14	section.
15	(2) Appointments.—Of the individuals ap-
16	pointed under paragraph (1)(A)—
17	(A) Portland State University, Willamette
18	University, the Constitution Project, George
19	Fox University, Warner Pacific University, and
20	Oregon Health Sciences University shall each
21	have a representative;
22	(B) at least 1 shall represent Mark O.
23	Hatfield, his family, or a designee thereof;

1	(C) at least 1 shall have expertise in ele-
2	mentary and secondary school social sciences or
3	governmental studies;
4	(D) at least 2 shall be representative of
5	business or government and reside outside of
6	Oregon;
7	(E) at least 1 shall be an elected official;
8	and
9	(F) at least 3 shall be leaders in the pri-
10	vate sector.
11	(3) Ex-officio member.—The Director of the
12	Mark O. Hatfield School of Government at Portland
13	State University shall serve as an ex officio member
14	of the Leadership Council.
15	(b) Chairperson.—
16	(1) In general.—The President of Portland
17	State University shall designate 1 of the individuals
18	first appointed to the Leadership Council under sub-
19	section (a) as the Chairperson of the Leadership
20	Council. The individual so designated shall serve as
21	Chairperson for 1 year.
22	(2) REQUIREMENT.—Upon the expiration of the
23	term of the Chairperson of the individual designated
24	as Chairperson under paragraph (1), or the term of
25	the Chairperson elected under this paragraph, the

- 1 members of the Leadership Council shall elect a
- 2 Chairperson of the Leadership Council from among
- 3 the members of the Leadership Council.

# 4 SEC. 505. ENDOWMENT FUND.

- 5 (a) Management.—The endowment fund shall be
- 6 managed in accordance with the standard endowment poli-
- 7 cies established by the Oregon University System.
- 8 (b) Use of Interest and Investment Income.—
- 9 Interest and other investment income earned (on or after
- 10 the date of enactment of this subsection) from the endow-
- 11 ment fund may be used to carry out the duties of the Insti-
- 12 tute under section 503.
- 13 (c) Distribution of Interest and Investment
- 14 Income.—Funds realized from interest and other invest-
- 15 ment income earned (on or after the date of enactment
- 16 of this subsection) shall be spent by Portland State Uni-
- 17 versity in collaboration with Willamette University, George
- 18 Fox University, the Constitution Project, Warner Pacific
- 19 University, Oregon Health Sciences University, and other
- 20 appropriate educational institutions or community-based
- 21 organizations. In expending such funds, the Leadership
- 22 Council shall encourage programs to establish partner-
- 23 ships, to leverage private funds, and to match expendi-
- 24 tures from the endowment fund.

1	SEC. 506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
2	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
3	this title \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1999.
4	TITLE VI—PAUL SIMON PUBLIC
5	POLICY INSTITUTE
6	SEC. 601. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this title:
8	(1) Endowment fund.—The term "endow-
9	ment fund" means a fund established by the Univer-
10	sity for the purpose of generating income for the
11	support of the Institute.
12	(2) Endowment fund corpus.—The term
13	"endowment fund corpus" means an amount equal
14	to the grant or grants awarded under this title plus
15	an amount equal to the matching funds required
16	under section 602(d).
17	(3) Endowment fund income.—The term
18	"endowment fund income" means an amount equal
19	to the total value of the endowment fund minus the
20	endowment fund corpus.
21	(4) Institute.—The term "Institute" means
22	the Paul Simon Public Policy Institute described in
23	section 602.
24	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means

the Secretary of Education.

1	(6) University.—The term "University"
2	means Southern Illinois University at Carbondale,
3	Illinois.
4	SEC. 602. PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.
5	(a) Grants.—From the funds appropriated under
6	section 606, the Secretary is authorized to award a grant
7	to Southern Illinois University for the establishment of an
8	endowment fund to support the Paul Simon Public Policy
9	Institute. The Secretary may enter into agreements with
10	the University and include in any agreement made pursu-
11	ant to this title such provisions as are determined nec-
12	essary by the Secretary to carry out this title.
13	(b) Duties.—In order to receive a grant under this
14	title, the University shall establish the Institute. The Insti-
15	tute, in addition to recognizing more than 40 years of pub-
16	lic service to Illinois, to the Nation, and to the world, shall
17	engage in research, analysis, debate, and policy rec-
18	ommendations affecting world hunger, mass media, for-
19	eign policy, education, and employment.
20	(c) Deposit Into Endowment Fund.—The Uni-
21	versity shall deposit the proceeds of any grant received
22	under this section into the endowment fund.
23	(d) Matching Funds Requirement.—The Univer-
24	sity may receive a grant under this section only if the Uni-
25	versity has deposited in the endowment fund established

- 1 under this title an amount equal to one-third of such grant
- 2 and has provided adequate assurances to the Secretary
- 3 that the University will administer the endowment fund
- 4 in accordance with the requirements of this title. The
- 5 source of the funds for the University match shall be de-
- 6 rived from State, private foundation, corporate, or individ-
- 7 ual gifts or bequests, but may not include Federal funds
- 8 or funds derived from any other federally supported fund.
- 9 (e) Duration; Corpus Rule.—The period of any
- 10 grant awarded under this section shall not exceed 20
- 11 years, and during such period the University shall not
- 12 withdraw or expend any of the endowment fund corpus.
- 13 Upon expiration of the grant period, the University may
- 14 use the endowment fund corpus, plus any endowment fund
- 15 income for any educational purpose of the University.

## 16 SEC. 603. INVESTMENTS.

- 17 (a) In General.—The University shall invest the
- 18 endowment fund corpus and endowment fund income in
- 19 those low-risk instruments and securities in which a regu-
- 20 lated insurance company may invest under the laws of the
- 21 State of Illinois, such as federally insured bank savings
- 22 accounts or comparable interest bearing accounts, certifi-
- 23 cates of deposit, money market funds, or obligations of
- 24 the United States.

- 1 (b) JUDGMENT AND CARE.—The University, in in-
- 2 vesting the endowment fund corpus and endowment fund
- 3 income, shall exercise the judgment and care, under cir-
- 4 cumstances then prevailing, which a person of prudence,
- 5 discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the manage-
- 6 ment of the person's own business affairs.

# 7 SEC. 604. WITHDRAWALS AND EXPENDITURES.

- 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The University may withdraw and
- 9 expend the endowment fund income to defray any ex-
- 10 penses necessary to the operation of the Institute, includ-
- 11 ing expenses of operations and maintenance, administra-
- 12 tion, academic and support personnel, construction and
- 13 renovation, community and student services programs,
- 14 technical assistance, and research. No endowment fund in-
- 15 come or endowment fund corpus may be used for any type
- 16 of support of the executive officers of the University or
- 17 for any commercial enterprise or endeavor. Except as pro-
- 18 vided in subsection (b), the University shall not, in the
- 19 aggregate, withdraw or expend more than 50 percent of
- 20 the total aggregate endowment fund income earned prior
- 21 to the time of withdrawal or expenditure.
- 22 (b) Special Rule.—The Secretary is authorized to
- 23 permit the University to withdraw or expend more than
- 24 50 percent of the total aggregate endowment fund income

1	whenever the University demonstrates such withdrawal or
2	expenditure is necessary because of—
3	(1) a financial emergency, such as a pending in-
4	solvency or temporary liquidity problem;
5	(2) a life-threatening situation occasioned by a
6	natural disaster or arson; or
7	(3) another unusual occurrence or exigent cir-
8	cumstance.
9	(c) Repayment.—
10	(1) Income.—If the University withdraws or
11	expends more than the endowment fund income au-
12	thorized by this section, the University shall repay
13	the Secretary an amount equal to one-third of the
14	amount improperly expended (representing the Fed-
15	eral share thereof).
16	(2) Corpus.—Except as provided in section
17	602(e)—
18	(A) the University shall not withdraw or
19	expend any endowment fund corpus; and
20	(B) if the University withdraws or expends
21	any endowment fund corpus, the University
22	shall repay the Secretary an amount equal to
23	one-third of the amount withdrawn or expended
24	(representing the Federal share thereof) plus
25	any endowment fund income earned thereon.

1	SEC. 605. ENFORCEMENT.
2	(a) In General.—After notice and an opportunity
3	for a hearing, the Secretary is authorized to terminate a
4	grant and recover any grant funds awarded under this sec-
5	tion if the University—
6	(1) withdraws or expends any endowment fund
7	corpus, or any endowment fund income in excess of
8	the amount authorized by section 604, except as
9	provided in section 602(e);
10	(2) fails to invest the endowment fund corpus
11	or endowment fund income in accordance with the
12	investment requirements described in section 603; or
13	(3) fails to account properly to the Secretary,
14	or the General Accounting Office if properly des-
15	ignated by the Secretary to conduct an audit of
16	funds made available under this title, pursuant to
17	such rules and regulations as may be proscribed by
18	the Comptroller General of the United States, con-
19	cerning investments and expenditures of the endow-
20	ment fund corpus or endowment fund income.
21	(b) Termination.—If the Secretary terminates a
22	grant under subsection (a), the University shall return to
23	the Treasury of the United States an amount equal to the
24	sum of the original grant or grants under this title, plus
25	any endowment fund income earned thereon. The Sec-

26 retary may direct the University to take such other appro-

	V -
1	priate measures to remedy any violation of this title and
2	to protect the financial interest of the United States.
3	SEC. 606. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
5	this title \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1999. Funds appro-
6	priated under this section shall remain available until ex-
7	pended.
8	TITLE VII—HOWARD BAKER
9	SCHOOL OF GOVERNMENT
10	SEC. 701. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this title:
12	(1) Board.—The term "Board" means the
13	Board of Advisors established under section 704.
14	(2) Endowment fund.—The term "endow-
15	ment fund" means a fund established by the Univer-
16	sity of Tennessee in Knoxville, Tennessee, for the
17	purpose of generating income for the support of the
18	School.
19	(3) School.—The term "School" means the
20	Howard Baker School of Government established
21	under this title.
22	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means

the Secretary of Education.

1	(5) University.—The term "University"
2	means the University of Tennessee in Knoxville
3	Tennessee.
4	SEC. 702. HOWARD BAKER SCHOOL OF GOVERNMENT.
5	From the funds authorized to be appropriated under
6	section 706, the Secretary is authorized to award a grant
7	to the University for the establishment of an endowment
8	fund to support the Howard Baker School of Government
9	at the University of Tennessee in Knoxville, Tennessee
10	SEC. 703. DUTIES.
11	In order to receive a grant under this title, the Uni-
12	versity shall establish the School. The School shall have
13	the following duties:
14	(1) To establish a professorship to improve
15	teaching and research related to, enhance the cur-
16	riculum of, and further the knowledge and under-
17	standing of, the study of democratic institutions, in-
18	cluding aspects of regional planning, public adminis-
19	tration, and public policy.
20	(2) To establish a lecture series to increase the
21	knowledge and awareness of the major public issues
22	of the day in order to enhance informed citizen par-
23	ticipation in public affairs.
24	(3) To establish a fellowship program for stu-
25	dents of government, planning, public administra-

1	tion, or public policy who have demonstrated a com-
2	mitment and an interest in pursuing a career in
3	public affairs.
4	(4) To provide appropriate library materials
5	and appropriate research and instructional equip-
6	ment for use in carrying out academic and public
7	service programs, and to enhance the existing
8	United States Presidential and public official manu-
9	script collections.
10	(5) To support the professional development of
11	elected officials at all levels of government.
12	SEC. 704. ADMINISTRATION.
13	(a) Board of Advisors.—
13 14	<ul><li>(a) Board of Advisors.—</li><li>(1) In general.—The School shall operate</li></ul>
14	(1) In general.—The School shall operate
14 15	(1) In General.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors
14 15 16	(1) In general.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice
14 15 16 17	(1) IN GENERAL.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs of the University.
14 15 16 17	(1) In General.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs of the University.  (2) Appointments.—Of the individuals ap-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) In general.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs of the University.  (2) Appointments.—Of the individuals appointed under paragraph (1)—
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) In General.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs of the University.</li> <li>(2) Appointments.—Of the individuals appointed under paragraph (1)— <ul> <li>(A) 5 shall represent the University;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(1) IN GENERAL.—The School shall operate with the advice and guidance of a Board of Advisors consisting of 13 individuals appointed by the Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs of the University.</li> <li>(2) APPOINTMENTS.—Of the individuals appointed under paragraph (1)— <ul> <li>(A) 5 shall represent the University;</li> <li>(B) 2 shall represent Howard Baker, his</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1	(D) 1 shall be the Governor of Tennessee,
2	or the Governor's designee.
3	(3) Ex officio members.—The Vice Chan-
4	cellor for Academic Affairs and the Dean of the Col-
5	lege of Arts and Sciences at the University shall
6	serve as an ex officio member of the Board.
7	(b) Chairperson.—
8	(1) In General.—The Chancellor, with the
9	concurrence of the Vice Chancellor for Academic Af-
10	fairs, of the University shall designate 1 of the indi-
11	viduals first appointed to the Board under sub-
12	section (a) as the Chairperson of the Board. The in-
13	dividual so designated shall serve as Chairperson for
14	1 year.
15	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Upon the expiration of
16	the term of the Chairperson of the individual des-
17	ignated as Chairperson under paragraph (1) or the
18	term of the Chairperson elected under this para-
19	graph, the members of the Board shall elect a Chair-
20	person of the Board from among the members of the
21	Board.
22	SEC. 705. ENDOWMENT FUND.
23	(a) Management.—The endowment fund shall be
24	managed in accordance with the standard endowment poli-
25	cies established by the University of Tennessee System.

1	(b) Use of Interest and Investment Income.—
2	Interest and other investment income earned (on or after
3	the date of enactment of this subsection) from the endow-
4	ment fund may be used to carry out the duties of the
5	School under section 703.
6	(e) Distribution of Interest and Investment
7	INCOME.—Funds realized from interest and other invest-
8	ment income earned (on or after the date of enactment
9	of this subsection) shall be available for expenditure by
10	the University for purposes consistent with section 703,
11	as recommended by the Board. The Board shall encourage
12	programs to establish partnerships, to leverage private
13	funds, and to match expenditures from the endowment
14	fund.
15	SEC. 706. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
17	this title $$10,000,000$ for fiscal year 2000.
18	TITLE VIII—JOHN GLENN INSTI-
19	TUTE FOR PUBLIC SERVICE
20	AND PUBLIC POLICY
21	SEC. 801. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this title:
23	(1) Endowment fund.—The term "endow-
24	ment fund" means a fund established by the Univer-

1	sity for the purpose of generating income for the
2	support of the Institute.
3	(2) Endowment fund corpus.—The term
4	"endowment fund corpus" means an amount equal
5	to the grant or grants awarded under this title plus
6	an amount equal to the matching funds required
7	under section 802(d).
8	(3) Endowment fund income.—The term
9	"endowment fund income" means an amount equal
10	to the total value of the endowment fund minus the
11	endowment fund corpus.
12	(4) Institute.—The term "Institute" means
13	the John Glenn Institute for Public Service and
14	Public Policy described in section 802.
15	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
16	the Secretary of Education.
17	(6) University.—The term "University"
18	means the Ohio State University at Columbus, Ohio.
19	SEC. 802. PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.
20	(a) Grants.—From the funds appropriated under
21	section 806, the Secretary is authorized to award a grant
22	to the Ohio State University for the establishment of an
23	endowment fund to support the John Glenn Institute for
24	Public Service and Public Policy. The Secretary may enter
25	into agreements with the University and include in any

1	agreement made pursuant to this title such provisions as
2	are determined necessary by the Secretary to carry our
3	this title.
4	(b) Purposes.—The Institute shall have the follow
5	ing purposes:
6	(1) To sponsor classes, internships, community
7	service activities, and research projects to stimulate
8	student participation in public service, in order to
9	foster America's next generation of leaders.
10	(2) To conduct scholarly research in conjunc
11	tion with public officials on significant issues facing
12	society and to share the results of such research
13	with decisionmakers and legislators as the decision
14	makers and legislators address such issues.
15	(3) To offer opportunities to attend seminars
16	on such topics as budgeting and finance, ethics, per
17	sonnel management, policy evaluations, and regu
18	latory issues that are designed to assist public offi
19	cials in learning more about the political process and
20	to expand the organizational skills and policy-mak
21	ing abilities of such officials.
22	(4) To educate the general public by sponsoring
23	national conferences, seminars, publications, and fo

rums on important public issues.

1	(5) To provide access to Senator John Glenn's
2	extensive collection of papers, policy decisions, and
3	memorabilia, enabling scholars at all levels to study
4	the Senator's work.
5	(c) Deposit Into Endowment Fund.—The Uni-
6	versity shall deposit the proceeds of any grant received
7	under this section into the endowment fund.
8	(d) Matching Funds Requirement.—The Univer-
9	sity may receive a grant under this section only if the Uni-
10	versity has deposited in the endowment fund established
11	under this title an amount equal to one-third of such grant
12	and has provided adequate assurances to the Secretary
13	that the University will administer the endowment fund
14	in accordance with the requirements of this title. The
15	source of the funds for the University match shall be de-
16	rived from State, private foundation, corporate, or individ-
17	ual gifts or bequests, but may not include Federal funds
18	or funds derived from any other federally supported fund.
19	(e) Duration; Corpus Rule.—The period of any
20	grant awarded under this section shall not exceed 20
21	years, and during such period the University shall not
22	withdraw or expend any of the endowment fund corpus.
23	Upon expiration of the grant period, the University may
24	use the endowment fund corpus, plus any endowment fund
25	income for any educational purpose of the University.

## 1 SEC. 803. INVESTMENTS.

- 2 (a) In General.—The University shall invest the
- 3 endowment fund corpus and endowment fund income in
- 4 accordance with the University's investment policy ap-
- 5 proved by the Ohio State University Board of Trustees.
- 6 (b) JUDGMENT AND CARE.—The University, in in-
- 7 vesting the endowment fund corpus and endowment fund
- 8 income, shall exercise the judgment and care, under cir-
- 9 cumstances then prevailing, which a person of prudence,
- 10 discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the manage-
- 11 ment of the person's own business affairs.

## 12 SEC. 804. WITHDRAWALS AND EXPENDITURES.

- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The University may withdraw and
- 14 expend the endowment fund income to defray any ex-
- 15 penses necessary to the operation of the Institute, includ-
- 16 ing expenses of operations and maintenance, administra-
- 17 tion, academic and support personnel, construction and
- 18 renovation, community and student services programs,
- 19 technical assistance, and research. No endowment fund in-
- 20 come or endowment fund corpus may be used for any type
- 21 of support of the executive officers of the University or
- 22 for any commercial enterprise or endeavor. Except as pro-
- 23 vided in subsection (b), the University shall not, in the
- 24 aggregate, withdraw or expend more than 50 percent of
- 25 the total aggregate endowment fund income earned prior
- 26 to the time of withdrawal or expenditure.

1	(b) Special Rule.—The Secretary is authorized to
2	permit the University to withdraw or expend more than
3	50 percent of the total aggregate endowment fund income
4	whenever the University demonstrates such withdrawal or
5	expenditure is necessary because of—
6	(1) a financial emergency, such as a pending in-
7	solvency or temporary liquidity problem;
8	(2) a life-threatening situation occasioned by a
9	natural disaster or arson; or
10	(3) another unusual occurrence or exigent cir-
11	cumstance.
12	(c) Repayment.—
13	(1) Income.—If the University withdraws or
14	expends more than the endowment fund income au-
15	thorized by this section, the University shall repay
16	the Secretary an amount equal to one-third of the
17	amount improperly expended (representing the Fed-
18	eral share thereof).
19	(2) Corpus.—Except as provided in section
20	802(e)—
21	(A) the University shall not withdraw or
22	expend any endowment fund corpus; and
23	(B) if the University withdraws or expends
24	any endowment fund corpus, the University
25	shall repay the Secretary an amount equal to

1	one-third of the amount withdrawn or expended	
2	(representing the Federal share thereof) plus	
3	any endowment fund income earned thereon.	
4	SEC. 805. ENFORCEMENT.	
5	(a) In General.—After notice and an opportunity	
6	for a hearing, the Secretary is authorized to terminate a	
7	grant and recover any grant funds awarded under this see	
8	tion if the University—	
9	(1) withdraws or expends any endowment fund	
10	corpus, or any endowment fund income in excess of	
11	the amount authorized by section 804, except as	
12	provided in section 802(e);	
13	(2) fails to invest the endowment fund corpus	
14	or endowment fund income in accordance with the	
15	investment requirements described in section 803; or	
16	(3) fails to account properly to the Secretary,	
17	or the General Accounting Office if properly des-	
18	ignated by the Secretary to conduct an audit of	
19	funds made available under this title, pursuant to	
20	such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by	
21	the Comptroller General of the United States, con-	
22	cerning investments and expenditures of the endow-	
23	ment fund corpus or endowment fund income.	
24	(b) Termination.—If the Secretary terminates a	
25	grant under subsection (a), the University shall return to	

- 1 the Treasury of the United States an amount equal to the
- 2 sum of the original grant or grants under this title, plus
- 3 any endowment fund income earned thereon. The Sec-
- 4 retary may direct the University to take such other appro-
- 5 priate measures to remedy any violation of this title and
- 6 to protect the financial interest of the United States.

# 7 SEC. 806. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 8 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 9 this title \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2000. Funds appro-
- 10 priated under this section shall remain available until ex-
- 11 pended.

Passed the Senate October 8 (legislative day, October 2), 1998.

Attest:

Secretary.

105TH CONGRESS S. 442

# N ACT

To establish a national policy against State and local government interference with interstate commerce on the Internet or interactive computer services, and to exercise congressional jurisdiction over interstate commerce by establishing a moratorium on the imposition of exactions that would interfere with the free flow of commerce via the Internet, and for other purposes.

${f x}$	${f x}$	${f x}$	${f x}$
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